

Sponsor name	Unitex Australia Pty Ltd	Document no	FAS180457 SOA3.1 ¹
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Issue date	9 January 2024	Expiry date	31 December 2028

Description of assessed system

The assessed system consists of concrete panel junctions when connected using steel joiner plates and angle brackets protected with Unitex® Panel Patch – in accordance with AS 1530.4:2014.

Assessed system performance

The element of construction described above was assessed by this laboratory on behalf of the report sponsor in accordance with the stated test standard in Table 1 and achieved the results outlined in Table 2. A complete description of the assessed construction can be found within the referenced assessment report(s) or regulatory information report(s).

Table 1 Test standard and assessment report details

Referenced report	Test standard	Referenced report issue date	Referenced report expiry date
FAS180457 R3.1	AS 1530.4:2014	9 January 2024	31 December 2028
FAS180457 RIR3.1	AS 1530.4:2014	9 January 2024	31 December 2028

Table 2 Formal assessment summary

System	Assessment outcome
Flat steel joiner plates and angle brackets protected with Unitex® Panel Patch, 25 mm (at location with double layer steel) and 35 mm (at location with single layer steel), one side exposed as detailed in Table 5 of the referenced reports.	Unitex® Panel Patch is able to maintain temperatures below 550 °C for a period of 240 minutes when exposed to AS 1530.4:2014 heating condition.
Concrete wall/floor panels and junction where: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The wall and floor panels are designed by an accredited structural engineer in accordance with AS 3600:2018 to have an established FRL of 240/240/240 for loadbearing wall/floor, or -/240/240 for non-loadbearing wall/floor. The project's structural engineer has verified that all relevant factors, including the load, fixing, size and the quantity of steel joiner plates and angle brackets, are appropriate for a design in which the limiting steel temperature is below 550 °C. The joint between the concrete panels is protected with an appropriate fire stopping product/system with an established FRL of minimum -/240/240, from an Accredited Testing Laboratory (ATL). 	240/240/240 for loadbearing system when exposed to AS 1530.4:2014 heating condition. -/240/240 for non-loadbearing system when exposed to AS 1530.4:2014 heating condition.

Figure 1 to Figure 6 shows the assessed systems. The installation details are presented in Table 5 (schedule of components) of the referenced reports.

¹ This document was issued in conjunction with FAS180457 R3.1. The previous version of this document was SFC FAS180457.2. FAS180457 R3.0 was not issued.

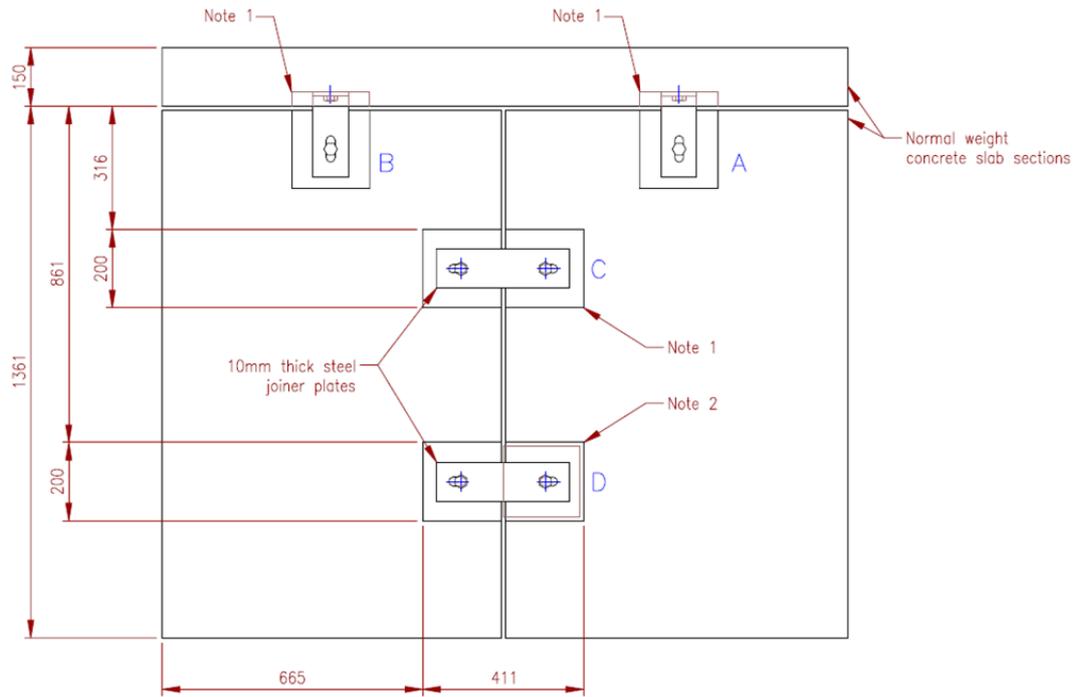


Figure 1 Concrete slab joint construction detail (1) as tested in WFRA 40938

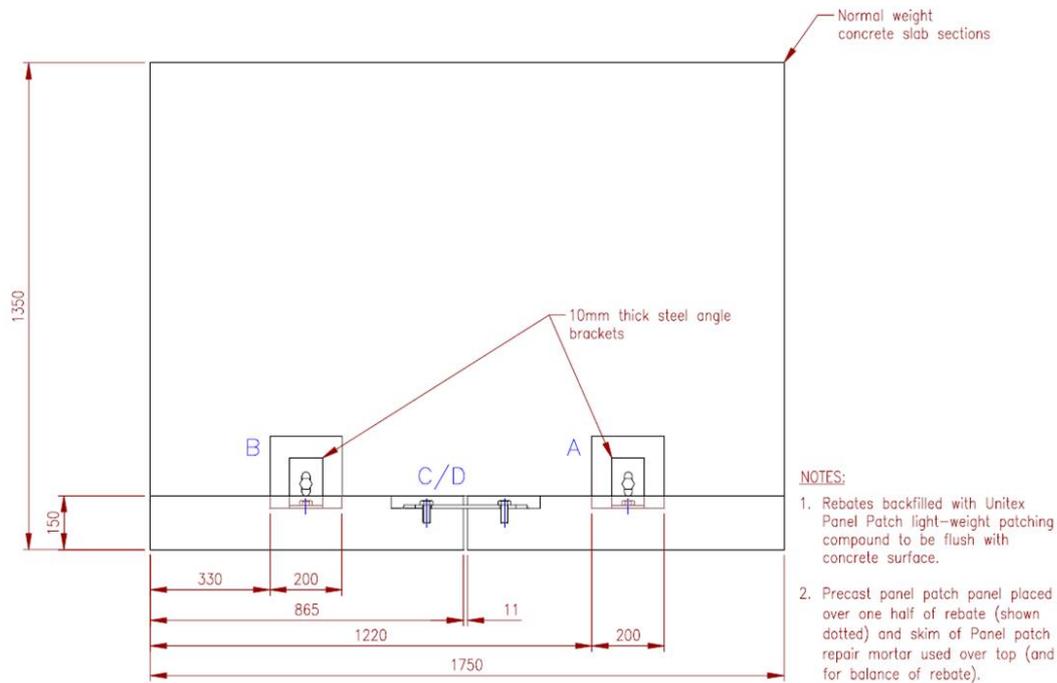


Figure 2 Concrete slab joint construction detail (2) as tested in WFRA 40938

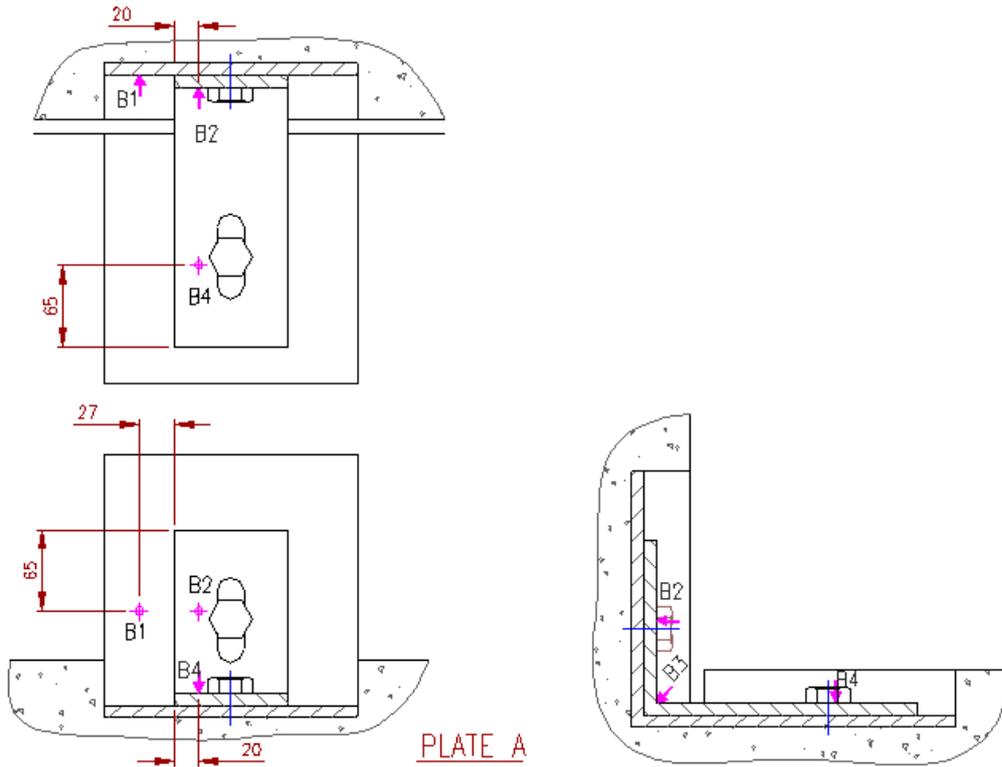


Figure 3 Corner joint construction detail as tested in WFRA 40938

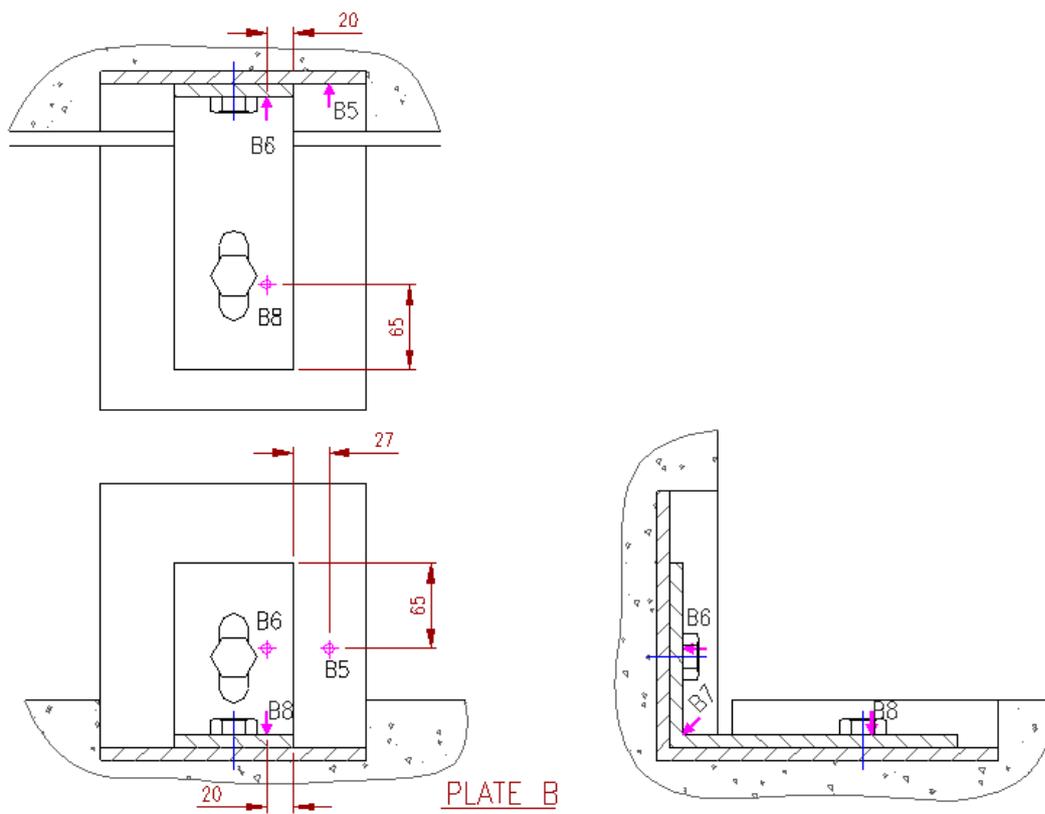


Figure 4 Corner joint construction detail as tested in WFRA 40938

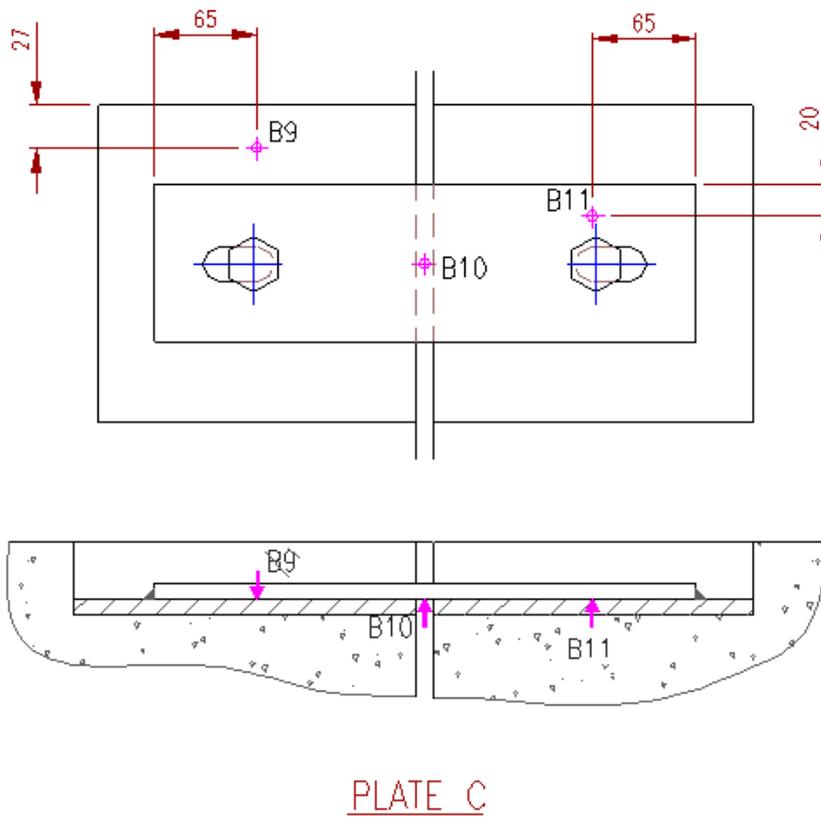


Figure 5 Butt-joint of slab construction detail as tested in WFRA 40938

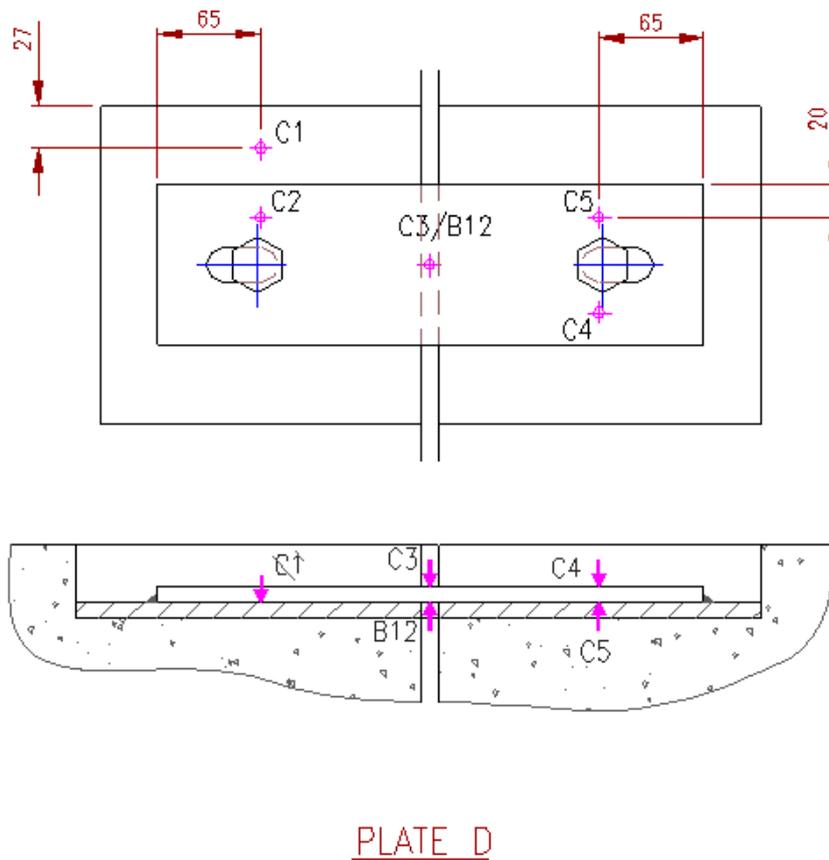


Figure 6 Butt-joint of slab construction detail as tested in WFRA 40938

Requirements and limitations

- This assessment applies to wall and floor systems exposed to fire from one side in accordance with the requirements of AS 1530.4:2014, where vertical elements must be exposed to heat from the direction required to resist fire exposure.
- The joint between the concrete panels must be protected with fire stopping material which has a tested/assessed FRL from an Accredited Testing Laboratory (ATL).
- The limiting steel temperature of the steel joiner plates and angle brackets must be not exceed 550 °C, as tested. The limiting steel temperature must be determined by the project's structural engineer considering all relevant factors.
- The concrete separating elements must be designed appropriately by the design engineer in accordance with AS 3600:2018² to have sufficient thickness to maintain the required FRL.

Conditions / validity

- This document is provided for general information only and does not comply with the regulatory requirements for evidence of compliance.
- The RIR (regulatory information report) or the main assessment report must be provided for regulatory requirements and evidence of compliance.
- Reference should be made to the relevant assessment report or regulatory information report to determine the applicability of the test result to a proposed installation. Full details of the constructions and justification for the conclusions given, along with the validity statements, are given in the assessment reports.
- The results of the assessment report may be used to assess fire resistance, but it should be recognised that a single test method will not provide a full assessment of fire hazard under all conditions.
- All work and services carried out by Warringtonfire Australia are subject to and conducted in accordance with our standard terms and conditions. These are available on request or at <https://www.element.com/terms/terms-and-conditions>.

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² Standards Australia, 2018, Concrete structures, AS 3600:2018 (Incorporating Amendment No. 1), Standards Australia, NSW.